ACCELERATION / DECELERATION LANES

Description

Acceleration/deceleration lanes (also known as speed change lanes) provide drivers with an opportunity to speed up or slow down in a space not used by highspeed through traffic. On freeways and some major streets, the speed change between the mainlanes and the adjacent streets can be substantial and cause stopand-go traffic and more collisions for the main vehicle flow. Dedicated acceleration lanes allow cars that have turned onto the main road to speed up to match the flow of traffic.



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Moderate

City/State

Right-of-way,

Institutional

Spot

Target Market

- Freeway ramp areas between entrances and exits.
- Major streets with fast speeds and high turning volumes.
- Freeway interchange ramps.

Speed change lanes reduce congestion in areas where drivers are required to make dramatic speed changes because of turns or merges.

How Will This Help?

- <u>Increases traffic flow and speed</u> on freeways and major streets.
- Increases intersection capacity and efficiency by adding lanes for turning at intersections
- Improves safety.

Success Stories

US 290 Northwest Freeway, Houston

Auxiliary lanes were added to several locations along US 290 resulting in the removal of several traffic bottlenecks.

IH 394 Freeway, Minneapolis
 Among several low-cost
 improvements, a westbound auxiliary
 lane at Louisiana Ave. almost
 eliminated evening peak congestion
 and increased traffic volume handled
 by 10 percent.

Implementation Issues

Lane space and right-of-way are the primary design issues. Converting the current shoulders to useable lanes may require adding width (possibly requiring acquisition of right-of-way and higher costs) and pavement structural strength.

Cost:

Time:

Who:

Impact:

Hurdles:

The most significant implementation barrier is often the assignment of institutional responsibility. There are few DOTs with any staff assigned to look for locations where low-cost treatments can be installed. The contributions that acceleration/ deceleration lanes might make are overlooked in favor of larger or more sophisticated programs.

